

Total No. of Questions : 12]

SEAT No. :

P840

[4659]-99

[Total No. of Pages : 4

B.E. (E & TC)

a - SOFT COMPUTING

(2008 Pattern) (Elective - III) (Semester - II)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Answer 3 questions from Section I and 3 questions from Section II.*
- 2) *Answers to the two sections should be written in separate books.*
- 3) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 5) *Your answers will be valued as a whole.*
- 6) *Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.*
- 7) *Assume suitable data, if necessary.*

SECTION - I

Q1) Write notes on (any three):

[18]

- a) Evolutionary computing.
- b) Artificial neural network application in communications.
- c) Hybrid fuzzy logic (FL) systems.
- d) Hard computing and its limitations.

OR

Q2) a) Explain Fuzzy rules and Fuzzy algorithms with a suitable example. **[8]**

- b) Consider two fuzzy sets X and Y, find Complement, Union, Intersection, Difference: **[10]**

$$X = \left\{ \frac{0.5}{2}, \frac{0.4}{3}, \frac{0.1}{4}, \frac{0.1}{5}, \frac{0.3}{6}, \frac{0.7}{7}, \frac{0.8}{8} \right\}$$

$$Y = \left\{ \frac{0.3}{2}, \frac{0.8}{3}, \frac{0.6}{4}, \frac{0.8}{5}, \frac{0.2}{6}, \frac{0.2}{7}, \frac{0.3}{8} \right\}$$

P.T.O.

Q3) a) Explain any one fuzzy membership function with its transfer characteristics. Describe the possible use of the same with a suitable example. [8]

b) Let R be a relation among the three sets [8]

$$X = \{\text{Hindi, English}\}$$

$$Y = \{\text{Dollar, Euro, Pound, Rupees}\}$$

$$Z = \{\text{India, Nepal, United States, Canada}\}$$

$$R(x, y, z) = \{\text{Hindi, Rupees, India}\}$$

$$\{\text{Hindi, Rupees, Nepal}\}$$

$$\{\text{English, Dollar, Canada}\}$$

$$\{\text{English, Dollar, United States}\}$$

How can R be represented for the given sets in a tabular form?

OR

Q4) a) Describe the concept of Fuzzy Logic Controller with a suitable example. [8]

b) Explain the situations where Fuzzy Logic controllers are more appropriate than conventional PID controllers. [8]

Q5) a) What are the advantages of Fuzzy Logic Controller over that of a conventional controller? [8]

b) Explain the Tsukamoto Fuzzy Model with a suitable example. [8]

OR

Q6) a) Define the following terms with reference to fuzzy inference systems: [6]

i) Premise (Antecedent)

ii) Conclusion (Consequent)

iii) Rule-base

b) Given a rule: IF x is A, THEN y is B, where $A = \left\{ \frac{0.2}{1}, \frac{0.5}{2}, \frac{0.7}{3} \right\}$ and

$$B = \left\{ \frac{0.6}{5}, \frac{0.8}{7}, \frac{0.4}{9} \right\}$$

Infer B' for another rule: IF x is A', THEN y is B', where $A' = \left\{ \frac{0.5}{1}, \frac{0.9}{2}, \frac{0.3}{3} \right\}$,

using Mamdani implication rule. [10]

SECTION - II

- Q7)** a) State and explain the popular topologies of neural networks. [8]
 b) Using Mc-Culloch Pitts neuron, implement a bipolar OR function. Assume initial weights to be [1 1]. [8]

OR

- Q8)** a) What is a perceptron network? Explain the concept of a decision boundary. [8]
 b) What is the basic limitation of a perceptron network? Explain with a suitable example. [8]

- Q9)** Train a multilayer perceptron for the inputs-output table given below, using backpropagation (steepest descent algorithm). Work out only two iterations with the starting weights as given. Assume 2-4-1 network topology, bipolar-sigmoid activation functions and learning rate = 0.1 [16]

Input-Output Table	Starting weights															
<p>x1, x2 are inputs and y is output</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">x1</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">x2</th> <th style="padding: 2px 5px;">y</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">-1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">-1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">-1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">-1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">-1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">-1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	x1	x2	y	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	$v = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.4 & -0.2 & 0.35 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & -0.03 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$ $v_0 = [-0.3 \quad 0.3 \quad 0.3 \quad -0.3]$ $w = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ -0.3 \\ -0.4 \\ 0.35 \end{bmatrix}, w_0 = [-0.2]$
x1	x2	y														
-1	-1	-1														
-1	1	1														
1	-1	1														
1	1	-1														

OR

Q10) State the various activation functions used in artificial neural networks. What are the requirements of an activation function? Explain with suitable examples. **[16]**

Q11)a) State and compare the three learning mechanisms employed in artificial networks. **[10]**

b) State and explain the differences in the Willshaw von der Marlsburg model and Kohonen model. **[8]**

OR

Q12) Write notes on (any two): **[18]**

- a) Learning methods that cross-fertilize ANFIS and RBFN.
- b) Hybrid Learning Algorithm employed in ANFIS.
- c) Modular neural networks.

