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**Question Paper Code : 57495**

**B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2016**

**First Semester**

**Mechanical Engineering**

**MA 6151 – MATHEMATICS – I**

**(Common to all branches except Marine Engineering)**

**(Regulation 2013)**

**Time : Three Hours**

**Maximum : 100 Marks**

**Answer ALL questions.**

**PART – A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)**

1. If the eigen values of the matrix A of order  $3 \times 3$  are 2, 3 and 1, then find the eigen values of adjoint of A.
2. If  $\lambda$  is the eigen value of the matrix A, then prove that  $\lambda^2$  is the eigen value of  $A^2$ .
3. Give an example for conditionally convergent series.
4. Test the convergence of the series  $1 - \frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} - \frac{1}{7^2} - \dots$
5. Define evolutes of the curve.
6. Find the envelope of the family of curves  $y = mx + \frac{1}{m}$ , where m is the parameter.

7. If  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ , then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
8. If  $x = r \cos \theta$ ,  $y = r \sin \theta$ , then find  $\frac{\partial(r, \theta)}{\partial(x, y)}$ .
9. Sketch the region of integration in  $\int_0^1 \int_0^x dy dx$ .
10. Find the area bounded by the lines  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 1$ ,  $x = 1$  and  $y = 0$ .

**PART - B (5 × 16 = 80 Marks)**

11. (a) (i) Find the eigen values and the eigen vectors of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . (8)

- (ii) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Hence using it find  $A^{-1}$ . (8)

OR

- (b) Reduce the quadratic form  $6x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 - 4xy - 2yz + 4xz$  into a canonical form by an orthogonal reduction. Hence find its rank and nature. (16)

12. (a) (i) Discuss the convergence and the divergence of the following series :

$$\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{3}{2.3.4} + \frac{5}{3.4.5} + \dots \text{to } \infty. \quad (8)$$

- (ii) Find the interval of the convergence of the series :  $x - \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{4}} + \dots$  (8)

OR



(b) (i) Test the convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$ . (8)

(ii) Test the convergence of the series  $\frac{x}{1+x} + \frac{x^2}{1+x^2} + \frac{x^3}{1+x^3} + \dots$  to  $\infty$ . (8)

13. (a) (i) Find the equation of circle of curvature at  $\left(\frac{a}{4}, \frac{a}{4}\right)$  on  $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a}$ . (8)

(ii) Find the equation of the evolutes of the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$ . (8)

OR

(b) (i) Find the radius of curvature at  $t$  on  $x = e^t \cos t$ ,  $y = e^t \sin t$ . (8)

(ii) Find the envelope of the family of straight lines  $y = mx - 2am - am^3$ , where  $m$  is the parameter. (8)

14. (a) (i) Expand  $e^x \log(1+y)$  in powers of  $x$  and  $y$  up to the third degree terms using Taylor's theorem. (8)

(ii) If  $x = r \sin \theta \cos \phi$ ,  $y = r \sin \theta \sin \phi$ ,  $z = r \cos \theta$ , find  $\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(r, \theta, \phi)}$ . (8)

OR

(b) (i) A rectangular box open at the top is to have volume of 32 cubic ft. Find the dimension of the box requiring least material for its construction. (8)

(ii) If  $w = f(y-z, z-x, x-y)$ , then show that  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0$ . (8)

15. (a) (i) By changing the order of integration evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \, dx$ . (8)

(ii) By changing to polar co-ordinates, evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} \, dx \, dy$ . (8)

OR

(b) (i) Evaluate  $\iint xy \, dx \, dy$  over the positive quadrant of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ . (8)

(ii) Evaluate  $\iiint_V \frac{dz \, dy \, dx}{(x+y+z+1)^3}$ , where  $V$  is the region bounded by  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $z = 0$  and  $x + y + z = 1$ . (8)